

## GOV. GOEBEL'S DEATH.

It Took Place While Only His Brother and Sister Were By His Bedside.

MR. BECKHAM SWORN IN AS GOVERNOR

An Armed Conflict Averted By the Release of Alonzo Walker By Gov. Taylor.

Gov. Taylor's Order for the General Assembly to Meet at London, Ky., Has Been Rescinded.

The Political Situation Less Threatening—Both Sides Will Rest Until After the Funeral of Gov. Goebel—Detectives Are Busy.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 5.—William Goebel died Saturday evening at 6:44. His last words spoken were addressed to Dr. Furnish, state senator from Boone county, at 5:45. He called him by name and asked to be given a drink of water. At 6 he nodded assent when the physicians asked if he would attempt to take liquid nourishment. Soon thereafter he fell into complete unconsciousness and so remained until the end.

At 6:30, when it was apparent that the end was near, the physicians left the room. Only the brother and the sister of the dying man, Arthur Goebel and Mrs. Bronnecker, entered the room and were the only ones present when the death summons came.

Justus Goebel, a brother of the dead statesman, with his wife and two children, who had been traveling night and day for four days as fast as steam would carry him from Phoenix, Ariz., arrived one hour too late in his race against death.

Gov. Goebel's death was not made public for some time after it had occurred. In the meantime messengers summoned democratic leaders quietly to the room of Senator Blackburn on the same floor of the hotel. Arrangements were soon made for transferring the office and authority of governor to Lieut. Gov. Beckham.

Dr. McCormack was present and Mr. Shackelford in his notarial capacity as clerk of the court of appeals, swore Dr. McCormack's signature to the affidavit of death.

Gov. Beckham then took the oath of office. After he signed it and affirmed the oath he said: "And may God help me to meet this responsibility."

"We all trust that he will," said Col. Young, and there was a murmur of "Amen."

It was in subdued and solemn tones that Gov. Beckham received the congratulations of those who witnessed his induction into office.

Immediately after Gov. Beckham had been sworn in the news of Gov. Goebel's death was made public. The effect was a general demonstration of grief, such as Frankfort had never seen.

Although the burial will take place in Frankfort, in accordance with the wishes of the friends of the dead man, the funeral services will be held in Covington, his home. The remains will be taken to Covington on a special train. The train will consist of three cars, one car for the casket and the actual pallbearers. A private car will be furnished the relatives of the dead man, while a sleeper will be furnished for the members of the legislative committee, which has not yet been selected, judges of the court of appeals and other political friends.

Tuesday morning the remains will be conveyed to Odd Fellows' hall, in Covington, and from 8:30 in the morning until 10 o'clock in the evening will lie in state, the hall being kept open in the evening to allow the working people an opportunity to review the remains.

The funeral services will be extremely simple, in deference not only to the wishes of Mr. Goebel, but also of the members of his family. There will be a guard of honor in Covington selected by Arthur and Justus Goebel, consisting of 50 citizens, but outside of this there will be no ceremony or display of any kind. Even the funeral cortege will be lacking.

Wednesday morning the remains will be brought back to Frankfort, and placed in the big ball room of the Capitol hotel, where they will lie in state all that day. Some apprehension is felt of trouble on that day, as it is believed from 30,000 to 50,000 strangers will be in the city to view the remains of the democratic leader, and bitter feeling engendered by his death may result in a clash. Precautions are being taken irrespective of party, to prevent trouble, and no serious outbreak is looked for.

The interment will take place Thursday from the Capitol hotel, but the actual arrangements for the burial have as yet not been decided on. The remains will be buried in the cemetery overlooking the Kentucky river, where lie the remains of Daniel Boone, Vice President Richard Johnson and several Kentucky governors, eminent jurists and soldiers.

Already a movement has been started to erect a fitting monument for Mr. Goebel's memory on the spot in the state house grounds where he was shot.

Gov. Taylor Defied.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 2.—Two direct slaps were given Gov. Taylor by public officers who declined to obey his orders. The first came from President Rodman, of the Farmers' bank, which is a state depository. Some vouchers on the bank were signed by

Gov. Taylor in favor of some of the militia officers who wanted money for their companies. When they were presented at the bank payment was refused. President Rodman said that he did not see how he could pay out the money on orders signed by Gov. Taylor until he knew for certain who was the actual governor of Kentucky. He had asked an opinion from the attorney of the bank, he said, and when it was received would act accordingly. He declared that he would take no chance of paying out money until he was satisfied that he was acting under proper authority.

The second instance was when Gov. Taylor issued a pardon to Douglas Hayes, a convict in the Frankfort penitentiary who is serving a five-year term for manslaughter, having been sentenced in March, 1899. When the pardon was sent to Warden Lillard he decided that he could not turn the man loose until he was satisfied regarding the legal status of the governorship. He made no reply to Gov. Taylor, but declined to honor the pardon, and informed the penitentiary commissioners of his action.

Conflict of Authority.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 3.—The first clash between the executive and judicial powers of the state has occurred, and a still greater clash is imminent, and beyond lies a sea with skies so lowering, and so stormy an aspect that no politician of either party can predict where it will carry the Kentucky ship of state. There is the chance that things will, as Congressman June Gayle expresses it, "drift around all right," but there are other chances also, and if things are to "drift around all right" they must strike a counter current and strike it soon. There can no longer be any concealment of the fact that affairs in this state are bordering upon conflict in arms and the beginning of the crisis is at hand. It may be that political difficulties will be settled by the courts of law, but the hearts of men are hot in Kentucky now and legal process may provide a remedy too dilatory to please a few of the more impatient and it is in the power of these to create a world of woe at almost any time.

The clash came when an officer of the circuit court of Franklin county was arrested by the military while attempting to serve notice of a legal proceeding upon Gov. Taylor. The next clash may come when the officers of that court attempt to enforce the rulings of its presiding judge. Behind this judge the democrats will have for the first time an active executive head in the person of Acting Gov. Beckham, and from the democratic standpoint a regularly appointed adjutant general, whose orders the troops now encamped around the capitol building are bound to obey. If they decline to obey, the new adjutant general will, the democrats claim, have the power to organize military forces of his own and proceed against all people who defy the authority of his office and that of the governor of the state, whom he represents.

On the other hand, the republicans are fixed in their attitude that there is an insurrection in the state; that Beckham and his actions, his adjutant general and his orders, are those of people acting in opposition to law. They believe that they alone are in the right, and as there can be but one right and all else wrong, those who show resistance to the proclamations of Gov. Taylor are in rebellion against the commonwealth. They will resist any attempt of any kind to remove them from their position around the capitol, meeting force with force, and that means civil war.

The first clash came when Alonzo Walker, a stenographer employed by the democratic attorneys was placed under arrest in the capitol grounds charged with conduct tending to incite mutiny and riot. The conduct consisted in pinning to the door of the private office of Gov. Taylor a notice that the democratic attorneys would appear before Judge Cantrill, of the circuit court, and ask for an injunction restraining Gov. Taylor from all interference with the movements of the legislature and from his announced attempt to remove it to London in this state. Walker was at once taken into custody by orders of Col. Roger Williams, the commanding officer of the force now gathered around the capitol.

Injunction Against Taylor.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 4.—Judge Cantrill, of the circuit court, Saturday morning granted a temporary injunction restraining Gov. Taylor from interfering with the meetings of the legislature, and from removing the seat of the legislature to London, Ky. The temporary injunction is to remain binding until February 8, when the hearing to make it permanent will be heard before Judge Cantrill at Georgetown, Ky.

Immediately after the issuance of the writ, Judge Cantrill instructed Sheriff Suter, of Franklin county, to make no effort to present the order of court.

Senator Blackburn Arrived.

United States Senator Joe Blackburn arrived in Frankfort from Washington Saturday morning to hold a conference with the democratic leaders, and to advise with them in regard to the probable effect of the attitude of the administration toward Gov. Taylor. Senator Blackburn was met at the station by Col. Jack Chinn, Speaker South Trimble, of the house, and other prominent democrats, and on arrival at the Capitol hotel immediately held a consultation with ex-Congressman Hendricks, Lieut. Gov. Beckham, J. Andrew Scott, J. A. Pryor, Attorney McQuown, Representative Cantrill, C. W. Hickman and Speaker Trimble.

Taylor Offers a Reward.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 3.—Gov. Taylor has personally offered a reward of \$500 for the arrest and conviction of the man who shot Gov. Goebel. In making the offer of the reward Gov. Taylor states that the authorities of Franklin county, in which the crime was committed, have never requested him to officially offer a reward, and he therefore offers \$500 as an individual.

No Federal Interference.

Washington, Feb. 3.—A Kentucky delegation consisting of Senator-elect Blackburn, Representatives Rhea, Smith, Allen and Gilbert, and ex-Representative Thompson, called on President McKinley Friday to protest against any federal interference in that state. Senator Lindsay was also there, but did not come with the other gentlemen.

The Kentuckians said that federal interference in Kentucky would be sure to result in serious trouble, as the first movement of troops would cause an uprising that could not be easily quelled. They expressed the opinion that the difficulties would be adjusted without further violence if the people of Kentucky were allowed to settle the matter themselves.

Washington, Feb. 3.—At the cabinet meeting Friday it was decided that the situation in Kentucky is not such as to require federal interference, and consequently the president will take no action under the present conditions.

A Conflict Averted.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 5.—Armed conflict between the civil authorities of Franklin county and national guard of the state of Kentucky has been averted, and unless new causes should come to the front, there is small likelihood that the political situation will again become as threatening as it has been during the last 48 hours.

Gov. Taylor Sunday morning ordered the release of Alonzo Walker, for the possession of whom Judge Moore had declared that Sheriff Suter would swear in a posse and take possession of the capitol grounds, if such an extreme became necessary. While not recognizing in his action the existence of the writ of habeas corpus which had been sworn out on behalf of Walker, Gov. Taylor by releasing the man removed the most threatening sign of trouble. The commanding officers of the troops which guard the capitol grounds are careful to say that the situation is entirely a military affair, and that they extend the writ of habeas corpus very little consideration; but, whether they regard it or not, Walker is free, and Sheriff Suter will not be called upon to summon force in the attempt to secure his release.

Both sides will take a rest pending the session of the republicans called by Gov. Taylor at London. No democrats will attend this unless they are taken there by the military forces of the state, and no attempt will be made in this direction by Gov. Taylor until he has afforded them every opportunity to go to London of their own accord. What will be done when it has been made certain that the democrats will not visit London has not been definitely determined by Gov. Taylor. It is likely that matters will on both sides be allowed to drift until after the funeral of Gov. Goebel.

Will Not Meet in London.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 5.—The correspondent of the Courier-Journal at Frankfort wired his paper as follows: The session of the general assembly which the republicans were to have held at London has been called off. Many democratic members of the general assembly are now in Louisville, to which place they secretly adjourned last Friday in order to avoid arrest and a forced trip to London, but they will not have to hold sessions in Louisville, as they had intended.

The republicans are all in London preparing to caucus to-morrow and to hold a session on Tuesday, but they will be informed that the London session is not to be held at all, and it is believed that on Tuesday the republican members will be back in Frankfort.

In fact the clouds this morning for the first time began to lift, and, while peace is not assured beyond a doubt, the developments are such as to make it reasonably certain that the war is drawing to a close.

Detectives Are Busy.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 5.—The detectives are working night and day, and seem to be meeting with great success. While very reticent, they talk enough to lead the admirers of the dead governor to believe that they are on the track of the coward and his accessories, and think it but a matter of a few days until several people are arrested. They still have the man whom they believe knows the whole party, and will hold him until he confesses or they become satisfied that they have the wrong person.

Featherweight Championship Fight.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Terry McGovern, of Brooklyn, at Tattersall's proved his right to the title of featherweight champion of the world by knocking out Eddie Santry, of Chicago, who claims the leadership of the 122-pound class by virtue of a knockout of Ben Jordan, of England. The knockout came in the fifth round after a fierce mix-up in which Santry did some clever work, but Terry was too strong for the Chicago lad. Referee George Siler declared McGovern the winner to save Santry from further punishment.

Children Bitten by a Mad Dog.

Cynthiana, Ky., Jan. 31.—A little boy and girl of John Cain's and a boy of John Snapp's, living at Russell's Mills, seven miles east of this place, were playing with a pet dog, when the animal began to show sudden symptoms of hydrophobia. The children were bitten before they could be rescued. They were brought to this city. The mad stone, on being applied, stuck three hours on the Snapp child and two and one half hours on the Cain children.

## CROSSED THE TUGELA

Gen. Buller Has Again Begun His March on to Ladysmith.

British War Office Holding Back Dispatches, but a Few Press Dispatches Allowed to Pass the Censor—Latest From Front.

London, Feb. 5.—Although there is no actual confirmation of the report that Gen. Buller has recrossed the Tugela on a third desperate attempt to relieve Ladysmith, it is known that the war office has received several South African dispatches which have not yet been published and if the advance is an actual fact the secret is being well kept.

There are newspaper dispatches in plenty from Spearman's Camp up to Sunday, but there is no hint that an advance had been begun and it is assumed in some quarters here that Lord Dundonald's reconnaissance in the District of Honger's Poort may be the only foundation of the statement that Gen. Buller has started.

On the other hand dispatches from Ladysmith rather indicate that the advance is in operation by reporting heavy firing on Friday and Saturday in the direction of Potgieter's drift and Colenso.

A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle from Ladysmith dated Sunday says: "A report has reached us that one brigade has crossed the Tugela."

The reports that the Boers are reconcentrating around Ladysmith are also an indication that preparations are being made to resist Gen. Buller or for an attempt at re-attack upon the garrison in anticipation of his advance. The fact, however, that no firing has been reported under Sunday's date either from Ladysmith or Spearman's Camp might be interpreted to mean either that the attempt had failed or that Gen. Buller had merely made a demonstration on Friday or Saturday.

Various rumors are current. One says that Gen. Buller is again attacking Spion Kop from the side of Gen. Lyttleton's camp. Another is that he received information from the owner of Spion Kop farm and crossed by roads further west than Trichard's drift.

The military authorities in London think it more likely that the crossing would be made east of Zwart's Kop. Speculation, however, is useless. The public can only wait in patience and, it may be said, also in trepidation. Nor is the feeling of anxiety much relieved by the possibility that Gen. Buller has been considerably reinforced since the disaster at Spion Kop.

Modder River, Feb. 3.—The Landrost at New Boshof read publicly on January 26 a telegram which he said he had just received:

"Lord Roberts is a prisoner. Gen. Buller has been killed. Nine thousand British have been killed and 7,000 captured. The British also lost eight guns last Saturday."

London, Feb. 5.—The Daily Telegraph has the following from Spearman's Camp, dated Sunday evening: "Messages are now freely exchanged between the camps of Gen. Buller and Gen. White—by night with calcium light; by day with heliograph. The men here are enthusiastic at the prospect of a speedy advance under Gen. Buller's instructions. A very large convoy with stores for the besieged garrison will accompany the relieving force. The Boers have repaired the road bridge over the Tugela at Colenso sufficiently for the passage of cavalry."

Ladysmith, Feb. 4.—By Heliograph from Signal Hill.—The garrison were much cheered by hearing Gen. Buller's guns yesterday. The result of the engagement is not known. The Boers are again massing near Ladysmith, also moving another gun toward Surprise Hill. We are quite ready for them if they contemplate another attack. The health of the garrison is improved.

Rensburg, Feb. 3.—The New Zealanders, Remington guides and a squadron of life guards made a sweep of several miles along the hills adjacent to the British right flank. One kopje occupied by Boers was rushed, the Boers clearing out after a slack resistance. One New Zealander was wounded. Small parties in the distance retreat whenever British horse appears.

London, Feb. 5.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts, dated Cape Town, February 4: "Making well on January 17. Trenches extend toward enemy's big gun battery, causing it to be vacated. Enemy now pushing back on northern, southern and western sides, well out of rifle fire. Otherwise no change in situation."

Arrested for Murder.

Sioux City, Ia., Feb. 2.—Oscar Goodrich was arrested here on the charge of having murdered John Robson, his partner in the contracting business. Robson, who was a leading contractor, was murdered in his office about a month ago.

Neck Possibly Broken.

Fostoria, O., Feb. 5.—Joel Shuck, a farmer, was thrown from his carriage. It is feared his neck is broken. His wife, who was also in the buggy, finally stopped the horse by crawling on his back and turning him toward the fence.

In Memory of Gen. Lawton.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Memorial services in honor of Gen. Henry W. Lawton were held at the church of Our Father, and were attended by many veterans of the wars who had known and loved the deceased general.

Our Increased Trade with China.

England can no longer compete with us in the shipment of many products to China. Our trade with the Chinese has increased almost forty per cent. within the last year. This is merely natural. The best wins in everything. For a like reason, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the best remedy in the country, has for fifty years acknowledged no superior to cure constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia and biliousness.

He Was Satisfied.

A married couple who are in the habit occasionally of going out at night to entertainments and social affairs, at such times make themselves solid with their little boy by saying that they are going out to see a sick man. One week these social affairs came pretty frequently. On Monday night they went to the theater, and told the lad that they had to sit up with the sick man. Tuesday night they went out to visit a neighbor, and explained that they were going to give some medicine to the man who was sick. On Wednesday night they proposed to attend an entertainment, and apologized to the young chap by saying they had to put a plaster on the sick man's back to draw out the pain. "Papa," asked the youth, "is the sick man in much pain?" "Very much, my son." "And is he pretty near dead?" "Yes, he's in bad shape." The lad thought deeply for awhile, and then remarked: "Well, papa, he can't die any too soon to suit me."—Memphis Scimitar.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnam & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Low Temperature.

Teacher—What happens when a man's temperature goes down as far as it can go? Smart Scholar—He has cold feet, ma'am.—Boston Christian Register.

"Do Not Burn the Candle At Both Ends."

"Don't think you can go on drawing vitality from the blood for nerves, stomach, brain and muscles, without doing something to replace it. Hood's Sarsaparilla gives nerve, mental and digestive strength by purifying and vitalizing the blood. Thus it helps overworked and tired people."

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never Disappoints

A Side Show.

The gentlemen engaged in spreading a knowledge of the Pan-American exposition in Buffalo in the year 1901 have certainly a sufficient idea of its importance. They speak of the catarrh of Niagara falls as an "accessory attraction."—Western Electrician.

Mid-Winter Festivals.

The C. H. & D. Ry. will make a half fare rate for the round trip from all stations to New Orleans, La., and Mobile, Ala., for the grand Mardi Gras Carnival in February. The entertainments will be more novel this year than ever at New Orleans. Electricity will be employed exclusively for motive power in the parade, for lighting, flambeau floats, etc. Tickets on sale February 19 to 26 inclusive, limited to return March 15, 1900. Call on nearest C. H. & D. Agent for tickets and information.

Paradoxical.

"Bridget," said the mistress to her sick servant, "would you take a little medicine?" "Faith, ma'am," said she, "I'd take anything to make me well, even if I knew 'twould kill me."—Philadelphia Record.

An All-Year Resort.

The Crescent Hotel, Eureka Springs, Ark., opens March 1, 1900. A most desirable, attractive and convenient resort for health and pleasure seekers. Ideal climate, pure sparkling water, best accommodations. Through Sleepers via Frisco Line. Write for particulars to Manager Hotel or to any representative of Frisco Line.

The baker gets crusty himself when his bread doesn't pan out well.—Golden Days.

## Sleep for Skin-Tortured Babies



In a Warm Bath with

# Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, purest of emollients and greatest of skin cures. This is the purest, sweetest, most speedy, permanent, and economical treatment for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humors with loss of hair, of infants and children, and is sure to succeed when all other remedies fail.

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Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, and especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated or toilet soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the best skin and complexion soap, the best toilet soap and best baby soap in the world.

**Cuticura** Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.), to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA OINTMENT (50c.), to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.), to cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. **PUTTIE, D. AND C. CO.,** Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A. "All about the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," free.